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			ZERVIGON, RUDY	
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Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.



# Office Action Summary

Application No.

09/470,446

Applicant(s)

Examiner Rudy Zervigon

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-- Th MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspond nce address --Period for Reply A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE \_\_\_\_ MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136 (a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filled after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). - Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). Status 1) X Responsive to communication(s) filed on Oct 12, 2001 2a) X This action is FINAL. 2b) This action is non-final. 3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quay 1935 C.D. 11; 453 O.G. 213. Disposition of Claims is/are pending in the applica 4) X Claim(s) 1-16 4a) Of the above, claim(s) is/are withdrawn from considera 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) X Claim(s) 1-16 is/are rejected. is/are objected to. 7) Claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_\_ are subject to restriction and/or election requirem 8) 🔲 Claims \_ **Application Papers** 9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner. 10) The drawing(s) filed on \_\_\_\_\_\_ is/are objected to by the Examiner. 11) ☑ The proposed drawing correction filed on \_\_\_\_\_ Oct 12, 2001 \_\_\_\_ is: a ☑ approved b) ☐ disapproved. 12) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119 13) Acknowledgement is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d). a) All b) Some\* c) None of: 1. 
☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). \*See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 14) Acknowledgement is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e). Attachment(s) 18) Interview Summary (PTO-413) Paper No(s). 15) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 19) Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152) 16) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 20) Other: 17) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s). \_

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#### **DETAILED ACTION**

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

- 1. The text of those sections of Title 35, U.S. Code not included in this action can be found in a prior Office action.
- 2. Claims 1, 6, 7, 9, 11, 12 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Kawakami Soichiro (JP61-37969)<sup>1</sup>. Kawakami Soichiro describes:
- i. 1. A gas delivery metering tube (item 23, Figure 3 Figures 1,2) for delivering a gas (Purpose, first line), comprising:
- ii. at least one innermost (item 3, Fig.1,2) and outermost (items 2,1, Fig.1,2) axially aligned, elongated, nested tubes having an effective annular space (items 18-20, Figures 1,2; "buffers", Constitution) formed between the at least one innermost (item 3, Fig.1,2) and outermost (items 2,1, Fig.1,2) nested tubes;
- iii. one or more arrays of orifices (items 13, 14, 15; Fig. 1,2) formed in each of the at least innermost (item 3, Fig.1,2) and outermost (items 2,1, Fig.1,2) nested tubes and extending along the substantial length (Figures 1,2) of each of the tubes
- iv. wherein the one or more arrays of orifices formed in said innermost tube establishes a substantially uniform ("stably and uniformly", Constitution) backing pressure along substantially the length of the innermost (item 3, Fig.1,2) tube, thereby promoting substantially uniform ("stably and uniformly", Constitution) delivery of the gas (Purpose,

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- first line) out of the orifices (items 13, 14, 15; Fig. 1,2) in the outermost (items 2,1, Fig.1,2) tube and along substantially the length of the outermost (items 2,1, Fig.1,2) tube
- v. 6. The gas (Purpose, first line) delivery metering tube (item 23, Figure 3 Figures 1,2) of claim 1 wherein the metering tube (item 23, Figure 3 Figures 1,2) is used in a chemical vapor deposition system.
- vi. 7. The gas (Purpose, first line) delivery metering tube (item 23, Figure 3 Figures 1,2) of claim 1 wherein gas (Purpose, first line) is supplied to one end (interface of items 5 and 4 Figure 1) of the innermost (item 3, Fig.1,2) nested tube.
- vii. 9. The gas (Purpose, first line) delivery metering tube (item 23, Figure 3 Figures 1,2) of claim 1 wherein the nested tubes are cylindrical.
- viii. 11. In combination, the gas (Purpose, first line) delivery metering tube (item 23, Figure 3 Figures 1,2) of claim 1 and at least one injector assembly (item 4, Figure 1, item 6a, Fig.4) having at least one port (item 8, Figure 1, item 3a, Fig.4) for receiving the gas (Purpose, first line) delivery metering tube (item 23, Figure 3 Figures 1,2).
- ix. 12. In combination, the gas (Purpose, first line) delivery metering tube (item 23, Figure 3 Figures 1,2) of claim 1 and at least one shield (item 21, Figure 3) assembly having at least one plenum (inside portion of item 21, Figure 3) for receiving the gas (Purpose, first line) delivery metering tube (item 23, Figure 3 Figures 1,2).

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### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 3. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 4. Claims 2-5, 8, 10, and 13-16 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Kawakami Soichiro (JP61-37969)<sup>2</sup>. Kawakami Soichiro does not describe:
- 2. The gas (Purpose, first line) delivery metering tube (item 23, Figure 3 Figures 1,2) of claim 1 wherein the effective annular space (items 18-20, Figures 1,2; "buffers", Constitution) has an effective diameter D<sub>eff</sub> and the innermost (item 3, Fig.1,2)tube has an inner diameter D<sub>ip</sub>, and D<sub>eff</sub> and D<sub>ip</sub> are within a factor of three of each other.
- xi. 3. The gas (Purpose, first line) delivery metering tube (item 23, Figure 3 Figures 1,2) of claim 2 wherein  $D_{eff}$  is approximately equal to  $D_{in}$ .
- 4. The gas (Purpose, first line) delivery metering tube (item 23, Figure 3 Figures 1,2) of claim 1 wherein a ratio of the surface area of the outermost (items 2,1, Fig.1,2) tube to the total cross sectional area of the orifices (items 13, 14, 15; Fig. 1,2) formed in the outermost (items 2,1, Fig.1,2) tube is equal to or greater than approximately 10.

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xiii. 5. The gas (Purpose, first line) delivery metering tube (item 23, Figure 3 - Figures 1,2) of

claim 4 wherein the ratio is greater than 100.

xiv. 8. The gas (Purpose, first line) delivery metering tube (item 23, Figure 3 - Figures 1,2) of

claim 1 wherein the innermost (item 3, Fig.1,2)tube has a length and a diameter and the ratio

of the length to the diameter is in the range of approximately less than 70.

xv. 10. The gas (Purpose, first line) delivery metering tube (item 23, Figure 3 - Figures 1,2) of

claim 1 wherein the nested tubes are rectangular.

xvi. 13. The gas (Purpose, first line) delivery metering tube (item 23, Figure 3 - Figures 1,2) of

claim 1 wherein the innermost (item 3, Fig. 1,2) tube has the following properties:

L/D <70

D/d ≈> 10

 $Na_{port}/A_{tube} \approx \le 1$ 

where L is the length and D is the diameter of the innermost (item 3, Fig. 1,2)tube, d is the diameter

of one orifice in the array of orifices (items 13, 14, 15; Fig. 1,2) in the innermost (item 3,

Fig.1,2)tube, N is the number of orifices (items 13, 14, 15; Fig. 1,2) in the innermost (item 3,

Fig.1,2)tube, Apont is the cross sectional area of each of the orifices (items 13, 14, 15; Fig. 1,2), and

A<sub>tube</sub> is the area of the innermost (item 3, Fig.1,2) tube; and the outermost (items 2,1, Fig.1,2) tube

has the following properties:

 $D_{\text{eff}}$  and  $D_{\text{in}}$  are within a factor of three of each other

 $SurfaceArea_{outer}/NA_{outer} \approx 10 \text{ or more}$ 

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where  $D_{\text{eff}}$  is the effective annular space (items 18-20, Figures 1,2; "buffers", Constitution), SurfaceArea<sub>outer</sub> is the surface area of the outermost (items 2,1, Fig.1,2) tube and NA<sub>outer</sub> is the total cross sectional area of all of the orifices (items 13, 14, 15; Fig. 1,2) in the outermost (items 2,1, Fig.1,2) tube.

- xvii. 14. The gas (Purpose, first line) delivery metering tube (item 23, Figure 3 Figures 1,2) of claim 13 wherein  $D_{eff}$  is approximately equal to  $D_{in}$ .
- xviii. 15. In combination, the gas (Purpose, first line) delivery metering tube (item 23, Figure 3 Figures 1,2) of claim 13 and at least one injector assembly (item 4, Figure 1, item 6a, Fig.4) having at least one port (item 8, Figure 1, item 3a, Fig.4) for receiving the gas (Purpose, first line) delivery metering tube (item 23, Figure 3 Figures 1,2).
- Figures 1,2) of claim 13 and at least one shield (item 21, Figure 3) assembly having at least one plenum (inside portion of item 21, Figure 3) for receiving the gas (Purpose, first line) delivery metering tube (item 23, Figure 3 Figures 1,2).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to vary either the dimensions (L,D) of the gas delivery metering tube or vary the distribution (Na<sub>port</sub>) and/or the dimension (d,A<sub>port/tube</sub>) of the orifice and/or tube dimensions.

Motivation for varying either the dimensions (L,D) of the gas delivery metering tube or varying the distribution (Na<sub>port</sub>) and/or the dimension (d,A<sub>port/tube</sub>) of the orifice and/or tube dimensions is drawn

from the level of ordinary skill in the art to accomplish the stated "Constitution" - "..the reaction gas is supplied stably and uniformly into the anode from a port 13 of the peripheral wall of the cathode

1." and "To supply stably a reaction gas and to form a uniform thin film by providing plural

chambers..." ("Abstract").

Response to Arguments

5. Applicant's arguments filed October 12, 2001 have been fully considered but they are not

persuasive.

6. With respect to Applicant's observation concerning Figures 1 and 4 of the translated JP61-

037969 to Soichiro where "Note Fig. 1 and Fig. 4 that the Soichiro apparatus has a fairly squat aspect

ratio (diameter to length) consistent with its intended application for delivery of gases to a volume." -

It is well established that drawing dimensions, when used to overcome a reference, are not

considered reliable in determining patentability. See MPEP - 2123 and 2125. Regarding the

"intended application" and "operating conditions" such as "...along the length of the gas metering

tube independent of gas flow rate, temperature, pressure and other operating conditions", it is also

well established that apparatus claims must be structurally distinguishable from the prior art where

recitations of use or applications of an apparatus does not adequately support patentability of

apparatus claims. See MPEP 2114.

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7. That Applicant's claimed invention "is directed to a gas metering tube that delivers gas at a

uniform rate along the length of an elongated tube" is completely consistent with the purpose and

structure of the Soichiro reference. Specifically, Soichiro teaches the formation of a "uniform thin

film by providing plural chambers in a cathode which is opposed to an anode" thus implying that the

uniform film formed is derived from the uniform delivery of the reaction gas at a "uniform rate".

Thus if the film deposited is "uniform" spatially then the rates of gas delivery must also be spatially

uniform. Support for this conclusion is gained from Applicant's translation of Soichiro who

discusses the drawbacks of non-uniform gas delivery - page 5, second, third, and fourth paragraphs.

- 8. Regarding the stated lack of teaching by Soichiro with regards to changing the dimensions
- (L,D) of the gas delivery metering tube or vary the distribution (Naport) and/or the dimension

(d,A<sub>port/tube</sub>) of the orifice and/or tube dimensions to achieve an optimal Soichiro objective, there is

ample showing by Soichiro whereby dimensional variations would necessarily improve the uniform

gas delivery and the uniformity of the deposited film - see Applicant's translation, page 7, paragraph

2, and paragraph 4 last six lines - "The preceding/subsequent ratio for the diameters of the openings

13, 14, and 15 should be kept between 10:1 and 3:1" effecting "the active reaction gas is uniformly

and consistently ejected outside the peripheral wall of the cathode 1 through the openings 13 in the

peripheral wall of the electrode 1." which provides ample evidence that Soichiro recognizes that by

varying the dimensions of openings 13-15 the uniform deposition can be achieved.

9. That Soichiro "is entirely silent on the issue of delivering gases at a uniform rate along the

length of the gas metering tube" is not accurate when a full appreciation of the Soichiro apparatus

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is gained by comparing Soichiro's Figures 1 and Figures 3: Figure 1 shows the detail of the cathode (1, Fig.1) that is shown in relative position with the substrate (24, Fig.3). Here, in Figure 3, item 24 is the cathode as shown as item 1, Fig.1 (page 8, second column). As per the discussion of Soichiro on page 8 first paragraph, the uniformity of the deposition on the substrate 24 (Fig. 3) must occur along the <u>length</u> (largest dimension) of Soichiro's gas metering tube.

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Conclusion

THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy 10.

as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS

from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the

mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the

THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the

date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be

calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory

period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner 11.

should be directed to Examiner Rudy Zervigon whose telephone number is (703) 305-1351. The

examiner can normally be reached on a Monday through Thursday schedule from 8am through 7pm.

The official after final fax phone number for the 1763 art unit is (703) 872-9311. The official before

final fax phone number for the 1763 art unit is (703) 872-9310. Any Inquiry of a general nature or

relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the Chemical and

Materials Engineering art unit receptionist at (703) 308-0661. If the examiner can not be reached

please contact the examiner's supervisor, Gregory L. Mills, at (703) 308-1633.

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